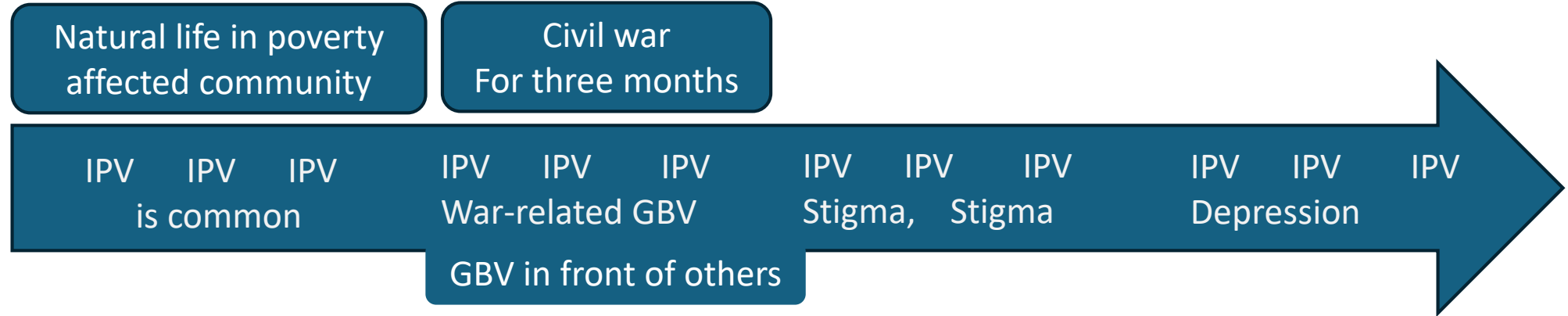


# The role of perceived stigma as a moderator in the relationship between intimate partner violence and depression

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## Introduction



## Methods

We selected about 520 women who experienced IPV or GBV during wartime

IPV or GBV during wartime, was measured by direct, neighborhood, and sisterhood methods

Depression was measured by PHQ-9, and Stigma by three levels: Negative self-image, disclosure concerns, and concerns about public attitudes

The first direct effect, followed by the indirect effect of GBV/ IPV on depression, was the presence of perceived stigma using the Sobel test

## Results

Crude  $\beta = 4.095$ ;  $P < 0.001$

IPV/ GBV

Depression

Adjusted  $\beta = 0.614$ ;  $P = 0.256$ .

for Stigma

IPV/ GBV

$\beta = 8.317$  ;  
 $P < 0.001$

Stigma

$\beta = 0.418$   
 $P < 0.001$

Depression

## Conclusion

Using Sobel test

Stigma on the path was high 3.481, with 95% Boot-CI (2.395, 4.4.67)

While the indirect effect was 0.601 with 95% Boot-CI (0.425, 0.797)

→ **Stigma was a mediator between sexual violence and depression status.**